Cloud Service Provider Disclosure (SS 584:2020 MTCS)

The form is to be completed for each cloud service p disclosed, indicate accordingly in the remarks.	rovided. For questions not applicable or not Date of disclosure:			
Applicable cloud service(s): Zscaler Zero Trust Excha	ange			
loud Service Provider Contact Information				
Company name: Zscaler, Inc.				
Primary address:				
120 Holger Way				
San Jose, California 95134				
United States of America				
Web address: https://www.zscaler.com				
Contact name: Joshua Leong				
Contact number: +81 80-7115-5341				
Contact email: <u>ileong@zscaler.com</u>				
Information security liaison:				
Zscaler Compliance				
20 Holger Way,				
San Jose, California 95134				
United States of America				
Email: compliance@zscaler.com				
Related affiliate for MTCS services:				
ZSC Holdings Limited Singapore (UEN Registration n	o. T13FC0129E)			
Suntec Tower 5, #17-104 and #17-137 Temasek Blvd				
Singapore 0389895				
MTCS certificate number:	-			
Company stamp:	Company representative signature:			

Certification Body Contact Information	
Company name: TÜV SÜD PSB Pte Ltd Web address: https://www.tuvsud.com/sg Contact name: ERICHSEN SOONG	
Contact number:8777 5844	Contact email: erichsen.soong@tuvsud.com
Company stamp:	Lead auditor signature:
Cloud Service Provider Background	
Overview of service offering:	
Zscaler leverages its Zero Trust Exchange platform values services that secure our customers' digital transformathrough Zscaler Internet Access(ZIA), universal Zero Access(ZPA), end to end visibility into worldwide use Digital Experience(ZDX) and workload security with Z	ation activities such as Secure Services Edge(SSE) Trust Network Access(ZTNA) via Zscaler Private er experience and network performance with Zscaler
Service model:	
☐ Virtual machine instances owned by the cloud☐ Network facilities☐ Compliance with applicable standards	d service customer
Deployment model:	
□ Private cloud□ Community cloud□ Hybrid cloud☑ Public cloud	
Tier:	
Level 1	
Level 2	
☑ Level 3	

No.	Criteria	Description	Remarks
Lega	al and Compliand	ce	
1.	Right to audit	The cloud service customer has the right to audit: Virtual machine instances owned by the cloud service customer Network facilities Compliance with applicable standards Technical controls Policies and governance Data centre facilities Others None Regulators recognised by Singapore law have the right to audit: Virtual machine instances owned by the cloud service customer Network facilities Compliance with applicable standards Technical controls Policies and governance Data centre facilities Others None Audit / assessment reports that can be made available on request: Penetration test Threat and vulnerability risk assessment Vulnerability scan Audit reports (e.g. Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) No. 16, Reporting on Controls at a Service Organisation)	Zscaler possesses numerous security certifications under widely recognized schemes such as SOC2, multiple ISO standards, CSA STAR Level 2 etc., and makes related certificates and reports available to CSCs via its website so that they may verify compliance. Artifacts such as internal documents, details of configurations and access to physical sites may be provided only to authorized auditors if they are required to demonstrate compliance. As Zscaler provides its services under a SaaS model, the CSC does not own or operate any virtual machine instances.

2.	Compliance	The following guidelines / standards / regulations are adhered to: Singapore Personal Data Protection Act ISO/IEC 27001 ISO 9000 ISO/IEC 20000 CSA Open Certification Framework(CSA STAR) PCI-DSS Others: ISO 27701, ISO 27017, ISO 27018, SOC 2	Details of Zscaler's compliance with various standards and frameworks, including access to certificates and reports, may be found at https://www.zscaler.com/platform/privacy-and-compliance
			Zscaler has assessed its obligations under the Singaporean PDPA as a data intermediary and provides appropriate information customers about how these requirements are satisfied at https://www.zscaler.com/privacy-compliance/pdpa
			Zscaler is not within scope of the PCI DSS as it does not acquire, store or transmit any cardholder data, nor is it a TPSP vendor under the standard.
Data	a Control		
3.	Data ownership	All data on the cloud service is owned by the cloud service customer except for:	Customer data in the Zscaler cloud is limited to logs, which the
		The cloud service customer retains the ownership on the derived data or attributes of cloud usage except for the following:	customer retains ownership of.
		☐ Advertising or marketing☐ Statistics analysis on usage☐ Others	

4.	Data retention	Data deleted by the cloud service customer is retained as follows: Minimum data retention period is: Data deleted immediately Log data is retained for a period of: Minimum data retention period is: Maximum data retention period is: six months if storing logs in the Zscaler cloud Deleted immediately Cloud service customer data is retained for a period of: Minimum data retention period is: Maximum data retention period is: Maximum data retention period is: Mot retained The following types of data are available for download by the cloud service customer: Log data Others	Customer logs stored in the Zscaler cloud cannot be deleted for accountability purposes, and are retained for a rolling period of six months for most services. Some Zscaler services have the option of a log streaming function which allows logs to be stored in customer-controlle d storage like a SIEM, so that logs can be stored for any desired period.
5.	Data sovereignty	The primary data locations are: Singapore Asia Pacific United States Others The backup data locations are: Singapore Asia Pacific United States Vehers Vehers Ves, except as required by law Yes, except as noted:	Sires storing customer data are limited to a small subset of locations as per item 5. The majority of Zscaler sites worldwide are points of presence that only serve to process customer traffic and do not save any data to disk. Sites storing customer data synchronize with each other such that redundant copies of customer data exist in a geographically distributed fashion. Thus in the event of site failure, the service provision can failover seamlessly to the

		Cloud service customer's consent is required prior to transferring data to a location not specified in item 5 or a third party: Yes Yes, except as required by law Yes, except as noted: No Note: Cloud service customers are responsible for determining the impact of data protection and data sovereignty laws on the locations where data is stored. In addition, cloud service customers should understand the risks associated with relevant laws that may allow for law enforcement or other government access to data in-transit or storage with Cloud Service Providers.	other sites, mitigating the need for discrete backups.
6.	Non- disclosure	 ✓ Non-disclosure agreement template can be provided by Cloud Service Provider ☐ Cloud Service Provider may use customer's NDA (pending legal review) 	Standard terms regarding confidentiality and treatment of confidential information are included in Zscaler's End User Subscription Agreement
Prov	ider Performanc	е	
7.	Availability	The committed network uptime is:	The availability of Zscaler services is dependent on the individual service, with key services such as ZIA and ZPA committing monthly uptimes of 100%, and other services committing minimum uptimes of 99.9%. All services are protected by SLA, the details of which can be viewed at https://www.zscale r.com/legal/sla-support

8.	3 rd party dependency	Highlight areas of critical dependency for service delivery: Zscaler uses other cloud service providers such as Amazon AWS, Google Cloud Platform and Microsoft Azure to provide certain elements of the Zero Trust Exchange infrastructure. A full list may be found under the "Hosting Provider" heading of Zscaler's sub-processor listing here: https://www.zscaler.com/privacy-compliance/subprocessors Where Zscaler owns and operates physical hardware infrastructure, it is leasted in colocation data centers operated by third party providers Risks and dependencies arising from the abovementioned providers are managed through Zscaler's third party risk management program, which requires thorough and cross-functional assessment and vetting of all vendors prior to onboarding and ongoing monitoring and review of risk assessments thereafter.	
9.	BCP / DR	☐ Disaster recovery protection ☐ Backup and restore service ☐ Cloud service customer selectable backup plans ☐ Escrow arrangements ☐ No BCP/DR is available ☐ RPO ☐ RTO ☐ Others, please specify: ☐ Others, please specify: ☐ Others	Zscaler maintains BCP and DRP procedures for its services to uphold the availability commitments in item 7. The geographically distributed architecture of the Zero Trust exchange means that it is resilient to localized disruptions. Core services such as ZIA and ZPA have customer DR options such that they may still use the service in the event of an outage. For some services, customers may

			create a restore point of their configurations which they can roll back to at their choosing.
10.	Liability	The following terms are available for the cloud service customers on failure of the provider to meet the service commitment: Network failure Liability: Infrastructure failure Liability: Virtual machine instance failure Liability: Migrations Liability: Unscheduled downtime Liability: https://www.zscaler.com/legal/sla-support Database failure Liability: Monitoring failure Liability:	Zscaler provides its customers with Service Level Agreements(SL As) for each service as described in item 7.
11.	Shared responsibility	Communication of shared roles & responsibilities for which CSC needs to implement and manage for use of this cloud service URL (or attach file): https://www.zscaler.com/legal/end-user-subscription-agree ment	
Serv	ice Support		
12.	Change management	The Cloud Service Provider has established the following for changes, migrations, downtime, and other potential interruptions to cloud services: ☐ Communication plan and procedures for proactive notification ☐ Assistance in migration to new services when legacy solutions are discontinued ☐ Ability to remain on old versions for a defined time period ☐ Ability to choose timing of impact	Notifications of upgrades, maintenance and/or other changes is done proactively and as much as possible with prior notice via Zscaler's trust site(https://trust.zscaler.com)

13.	Self-service provisioning and management	Provide self-service provisioning and management portal for cloud service customers to manage cloud services: Yes No If yes, describe the functions of the self-service provisioning and management portal provided: Allow role-based access control (RBAC) Manage resource pools (e.g. VMs, storage, and network) and service templates Track and manage the lifecycle of each service Track consumption of services Health monitoring Others:	
14.	Incident and problem management	Delivery mode of support:	The details of support availability are dependent on the service and support tier package purchased by the customer, details of which are available at https://help.zscaler.com/phone-support

15.	Billing	The following billing modes are available (please elaborate granularity of charges and measurement): Pay per usage: Licenses for Zscaler services are charged by user count Fixed pricing (up to yearly/monthly/daily) Other pricing model Not disclosed Available billing history: months	
16.	Data portability	Importable VM formats: Downloadable formats: Some configuration data or templates can be downloaded as CSV, XML or similar format, but is unique to Zscaler and is not portable to other platforms. Supported operating systems: Language versions of supported operating systems: Supported database formats: Policy/guide available: API: Common Customised: the customer can interact with Zscaler services using an API, details of which are available at https://help.zscaler.com Upon service termination or prolonged outage, data is available through: Physical media Standard methods as described above	
17.	Interoperabilit y	Use of industry standards and availability of APIs to support interoperability: Transport supported: REST-based HTTPS Format supported: Common formats such as CSV, XML, JSON etc. as applicable APIs supported differ by service, please see the guide for more information	

		☐ Other methods	
		Guide available on a per-service basis at https://help.zscaler.com	
18.	Access	Type of access to the service is through: ✓ Public access ✓ Private access (e.g. VPN, dedicated link) ☐ IPv6 access is supported ☐ Other access methods ————— Public access speed (shared bandwidth) in Mbps:	
19.	User Management	☐ Identity management ☐ Role based access control ☐ Federated access model ☑ Integration with Identity management solutions ☐ Others	Zscaler services operate through integration with the customer Identity Provider(IdP) using standard methods such as SAML federation. Zscaler does not provide identity management solutions.
20.	Lifecyle	The cloud service customer may select the following for service upgrades and changes: Automatic provisioning Cloud service customer customisable provisioning	
Secu	urity Configuratio	ns	
21.	Security configuration enforcement checks	Security configuration enforcement checks are performed: Manually Using automated tools How often are enforcement checks being performed to ensure all security configurations are applied? Weekly	Zscaler production environments are scanned by automated tools such as vulnerability scanners on a weekly basis
22.	Multi-tenancy	☐ Distinct physical hosts☐ Distinct physical network infrastructure	Zscaler uses a multi-tenant

		 ✓ Virtual instance grouping ✓ Cloud service customer definable security domains ✓ Cloud service customer customisable firewall ✓ Cloud service customer definable access policies 	architecture in which customer tenants and data are logically separated. The customer can configure security settings such as regarding access roles and authentication for their tenant through the Zscaler admin portal.
23.	Hybrid cloud provision	Ability to monitor, track, apply and enforce CSC's security & privacy policies on its cloud workloads: Data protection and encryption key mgmt. enforcement geolocation-based/resource pools and secure migration of cloud workloads Key mgmt. and keystore controlled by CSC Persistent data flow segmentation before and after geolocation based/resource pools secure migration Compliance enforcement for regulated workloads between onpremises private and hybrid/public cloud Others: Under some services such as ZIA and ZPA, Zscaler offers the ability for the customer to deploy appliances within the organization's network boundary that act as policy enforcement nodes. Thus, the customer retains some control over the security controls applied to the appliance and the environment in which it is operated.	
Ser	vice Elasticity		
24.	Capacity elasticity	The following capacity elasticity options are available: Programmatic interface to scale up or down Mean time to start and end new virtual instances Alerts to be sent for unusual high usage Minimum performance during peak periods Minimum duration to scale up computing resources Minimum additional capacity guaranteed per account	The capacity of the Zero Trust Exchange infrastructure is managed by Zscaler and adjusted based on periodic review to ensure that it is able to meet customer demand.

25.	Network resiliency and elasticity	The following network resiliency and elasticity options are available: Redundant Internet connectivity links Redundant Internal connectivity Selectable bandwidth up to Mbps Maximum usable IPs Load balancing ports Load balancing protocols Anti-DDOS protection systems or services Defence-in-depth mechanisms, please specify: SSE security policy enforcement such as content and web app filtering, malware scanning and sandboxing, Zero Trust Network Access(ZTNA) to private apps etc. Network traffic isolation, please specify: Traffic bound for the Zero Trust Exchange can be routed through encrypted tunnels, high risk web access can be routed through browser isolation to prevent download and/or execution of malicious code Shared or dedicated bandwidth, please specify: QoS traffic control services Alerts to be sent for unusual high usage Minimum performance during peak periods Minimum period to scale up network throughput	The options in item 25. are available as functions of Zscaler services such as ZIA and ZPA.
26.	Storage elasticity	The following storage redundancy and elasticity options are available: Redundant storage connectivity links within each data centre Redundant storage connectivity links between data centres belonging to the same cloud Storage traffic isolation, please specify: Shared or dedicated storage network bandwidth, please specify: Quality of service storage traffic control services Maximum storage capacity for entire cloud, please specify: Maximum storage capacity for single cloud service customer, please specify: Maximum expandable storage, please specify: Alerts to be sent for unusual high usage Minimum storage I / O performance during peak periods	The Zero Trust Exchange does not offer data storage functions other than for customer logs.

		☐ Minimum period to scale up storage I / O throughput	
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